

3.01a Exposure Determination – Job Classifications

The Bloodborne Pathogens Standard also requires that two lists of job classifications be completed. The first list should include all job classifications in which **some** employees experience occupational exposure to blood or other potentially infectious materials. List those positions in which occupational exposure is normally not expected to occur, but may occur as an abnormal event or in an emergency. For example, a receptionist, x-ray technologist or medical assistant **may** experience occupational exposure to bloodborne pathogens, depending upon their specific duties. Please list such job classifications below:

- | | |
|----------|-----------|
| 1. _____ | 6. _____ |
| 2. _____ | 7. _____ |
| 3. _____ | 8. _____ |
| 4. _____ | 9. _____ |
| 5. _____ | 10. _____ |

The following list should include job classifications in which **all** employees experience occupational exposure to blood or other potentially infectious materials. For example, all physicians, nurses and laboratory technicians will experience occupational exposure. Please list such job classifications below:

- | | |
|----------|-----------|
| 1. _____ | 6. _____ |
| 2. _____ | 7. _____ |
| 3. _____ | 8. _____ |
| 4. _____ | 9. _____ |
| 5. _____ | 10. _____ |

All employees that are identified within the job classifications listed on either list above, shall be trained on all aspects of the Exposure Control Plan. The Bloodborne Pathogens Standard requires annual training to ensure compliance with exposure control policies. Documentation of training will be maintained in a master training file or within employee personnel records. These records must be maintained for a period of three years from the date of training.